







LOW NOISE

1.0 electrons rms

**HIGH QE** 

86 % @460 nm Back illuminated CMOS

**HIGH RESOLUTION** 

4432 (H) × 2368 (V)

**HIGH SPEED** 

115 frames/s @4432(H)×2368(V) 10.5 Mpixels

LARGE FIELD OF VIEW

20.4 mm × 10.9 mm
Diagonal 23.114 mm

HIGH DYNAMIC RANGE

1:20 000

ull well capacity 20 000 electrons

The ORCA®-Fire intelligently integrates all the essential elements of a high performance, back-thinned, scientific CMOS (sCMOS) camera. The camera's excellence is rooted in Hamamatsu's dedication to low noise and high quantum efficiency sCMOS technology. With the ORCA®-Fire, high sensitivity is realized while also achieving excellent resolution and blazing fast speeds. The ORCA®-Fire shines when the science demands high throughput but the sample can only deliver a few photons.

Barrier .

Will the ORCA®-Fire spark your next discovery?



#### SMALL PIXELS, BIG RESOLUTION

# Optimize your optics to maximize resolution

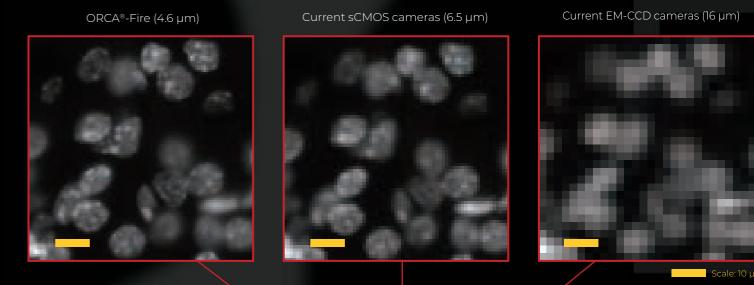
Low mag imaging (<40×) offers the advantage of large field of view, which can be critical for high throughput applications. To acquire low mag images with maximum information, the imaging system must achieve high resolution by matching pixel size to Nyquist-level or higher sampling rates. The pixel size of the ORCA®-Fire is ideal for most  $40\times$  objectives or lower (see chart below). The ORCA®-Fire's high spatial resolution combined with a large pixel array and high speed readout delivers  $2.9\times$  higher pixel throughput over even the fastest 4.2 MP 6.5 µm sCMOS camera.

Example of appropriate pixel size of sensor according to objective lens magnification and NA

Magnification	NA	δ (μm)	$\Delta$ (µm)	Appropriate pixel size (µm)
4	0.16	2.10	8.4	4.2
10	0.4	0.84	8.4	4.2
20	0.8	0.42	8.4	4.2
40	1.4	0.24	9.6	4.8
40	0.95	0.35	14.1	7.1
60	1.42	0.24	14.2	7.1
100	1.5	0.22	22.4	11.2

<sup>\*</sup> Rayleigh criterion ( $\delta$ ) = 0.61  $\lambda$  / NA

# Comparison of image quality at different pixel sizes



Objective lens: Plan Apo 10× / 0.45 Sample: FluoCells™ Prepared slide #3 mouse kidney section (DAPI)

<sup>\*</sup> Wavelength ( $\lambda$ ) = 550 nm

<sup>\*</sup>  $\Delta = \delta \times \text{Magnification of objective lens}$ 

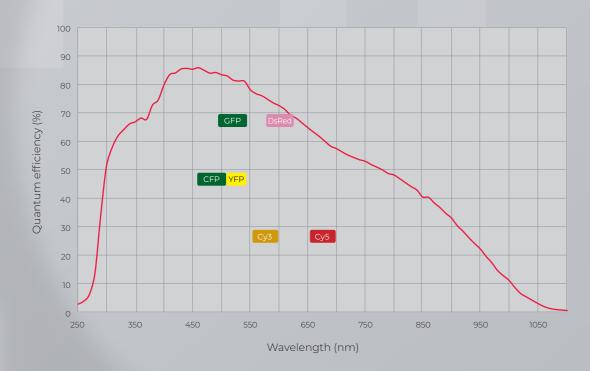
# PHOTONIC SOLUTIONS

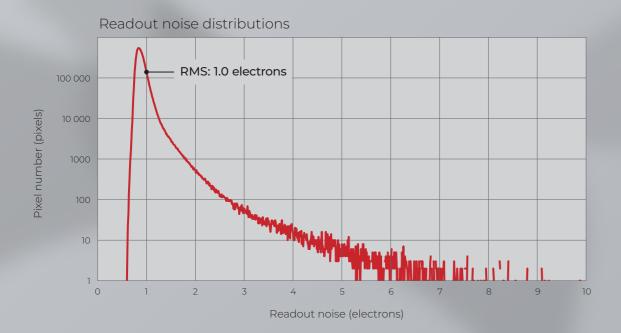
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# HIGH QE & LOW NOISE

# Realize high sensitivity without sacrifice

The ORCA®-Fire uses advanced back-thinned technology with micro-lenses to achieve high quantum efficiency. Combined with readout noise of 1.0 e<sup>-</sup> rms, the ORCA®-Fire continues Hamamatsu's trend of providing sCMOS cameras that offer paramount sensitivity at all light levels.

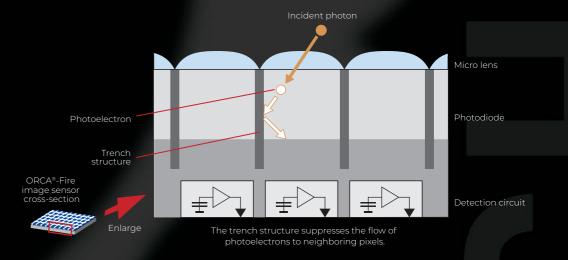


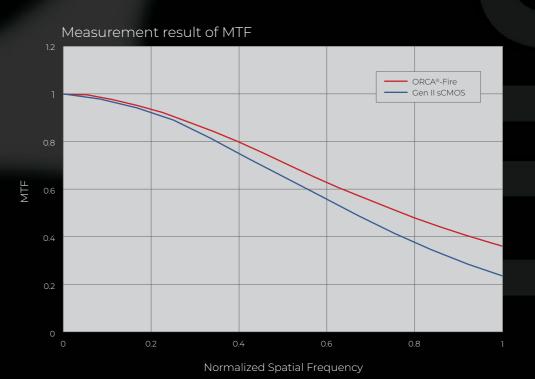


# Deep trench structure and backthinning

High QE is a fundamental expectation and a critical component of high sensitivity imaging. Achieving high QE through sensor backthinning seems straightforward however there are nuances in backthinned sensor design that can impact image quality. In conventional back-illuminated detectors, crosstalk occurs between pixels due to poor pixel separation within the active region of the silicon, impairing resolution independent of pixel size. Our engineers implemented a deep trench pixel structure in the ORCA®-Fire that prevents pixel crosstalk and improves resolution.

#### What is a trench structure?





\*Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) is a type of resolution evaluation. It is the value of how accurately the contrast of an object can be reproduced.



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#### **SELECT YOUR SPEED**

# Every ORCA®-Fire has CoaXPress and USB connectivity

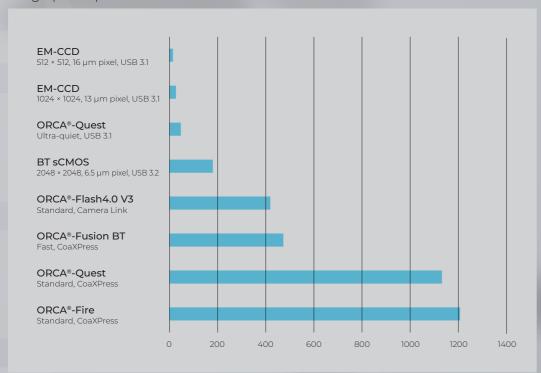
#### Readout speed (frames/s)

Readout Mode		Area Readout Mode			
Scan Mode		Standard scan			
X (pixels)	Y (pixels)	CoaXPress	USB3.1 Gen I (16 bit)	USB3.1 Gen I (8 bit)	
4432	2368	115	15.7	31.5	
4432	2304	118	16.2	32.4	
4432	2048	132	18.2	36.5	
4432	1024	264	36.4	72.8	
4432	512	524	72.3	144	
4432	256	1020	143	286	
4432	128	1980	279	558	
4432	8	15 200	2360	5260	
4432	4	19 500	3690	7200	

#### Readout speed (frames/s) at 2×2 binning

Readout Mode		Area Readout Mode		
Scan Mode		Standard scan		
X (pixels)	Y (pixels)	CoaXPress	USB3.1 Gen I (16 bit)	USB3.1 Gen I (8 bit)
2216	1184	115	63.1	115
2216	1152	118	64.9	118
2216	1024	132	73	132
2216	512	264	145	264
2216	256	524	289	524
2216	128	1020	572	1020
2216	64	1980	1110	1980
2216	4	15 200	10 500	15 200
2216	2	19 500	13 600	19 500

#### Mega pixels per second





# Field of view comparison



With 4432 (H) × 2368 (V) pixels, the ORCA®-Fire can effectively utiliz a 22 mm microscope field of view.

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ORCA®-Fire Lightsheet

#### SPECIALIZED FOR THE SPECIALIST

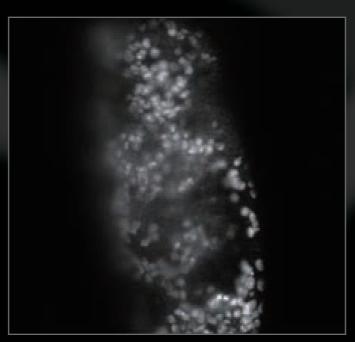
# Lightsheet readout mode reduces scattered light effects

Researchers are increasingly turning to fluorescence lightsheet microscopy to study biological processes in living cells and organisms and to capture stunning 3D resolution of cleared tissue. There are many flavors of lightsheet microscopy but generally the sample is illuminated orthogonally using a "sheet" of light. This sheet is then scanned across the sample to obtain optical cross-sectional images that can be reassembled into full 3D renderings. The ORCA®-Fire implements Hamamatsu's patented lightsheet readout mode. In this mode, the lightsheet is synchronized with readout of the sensor, reducing the impact of scattered light and effectively improving image quality and signal to noise.

#### Result of lightsheet readout function



Global shutter image



Lightsheet readout mode image

Data courtesy: Dr. Hufnagel, Dr. Krzic (EMBL Heidelberg. Germany)

#### Lightsheet readout mode frame rates (frames/s)

Readout Mode		Lightsheet Readout Mode		
Scan Mode		Standard scan		
X(pixels)	Y(pixels)	CoaXPress	USB3.1 Gen I (16 bit)	USB3.1 Gen I (8 bit)
4432	2368	114	15.7	31.5
4432	2304	117	16.2	32.4
4432	2048	132	18.2	36.5
4432	1024	263	36.4	72.8
4432	512	518	72.3	144
4432	256	1000	143	286
4432	128	1900	279	558
4432	8	11 400	2630	5260
4432	4	13 600	3690	7200

#### sCMOS lightsheet readout mode comparison

	Readout speed (frames/s)			
Effective pixel numbers (H)×(V)	ORCA®-Fire (CoaXPress)	ORCA®-Fusion	ORCA®-Flash4.0 V3	
4432 × 2368	114	-	-	
2304 × 2304	117	88.9	-	
2048 × 2048	132	100	49	
1024 × 1024	263	199	99	
512 × 512	518	396	196	
256 × 256	1000	784	384	
128 × 128	1900	1540	738	

Interface: CoaXPress/Camera Link

mage capture mode: Internal synchronous mode

The ORCA®-Fire, in lightsheet readout mode, delivers 2.5× more pixels per second that even the fastest low noise sCMOS camera

#### SYNCHRONIZE IN ANY DIRECTION

# Bidirectional readout eliminates lag between frames

In the ORCA®-Fire, lightsheet readout has four distinct operational modes: forward, backward, bidirectional and reverse bidirectional. In forward mode the readout begins at the top and progresses to the bottom of the sensor. In backwards mode, the readout is initiated from the bottom and ends at the top. Bidirectional mode begins with forward readout in the first frame and switches to backwards readout in the next frame, continuing this alternating pattern frame by frame. As the name suggests, backwards bidirectional mode, begins with the bottom to top backwards readout in the first frame and switches to top to bottom in the next and so on. Both bidirectional modes were implemented to avoid the lag time required to return to the lightsheet to the top or bottom of the sensor for the next frame.

# Forward mode (Top to Bottom) Backward (Bottom to Top) Bidirectional mode Reverse Bidirectional Mode

Lightsheet

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What is Lightsheet Readout Mode?







# **Specifications**

Product number		C16240-20UP		
Imaging device		Scientific CMOS image	sensor	
Effective number of pixels		4432 (H) × 2368 (V)		
Pixel size		4.6 µm × 4.6 µm		
Effective area		20.387 mm × 10.892 mm		
Full well capacity (Typ.)		20 000 electrons		
Readout noise (Typ.)		1.0 electrons (rms), 0.9 e	electrons (median)	
Quantum efficiency (Typ.	)	86 % (peak QE)		
Dynamic range *1		20 000:1 (rms), 22 000:1	(median)	
Dark signal non-uniformi	ty (DSNU) (Typ.)	0.07 electrons		
Photoresponse non-uniformity (PR	NU) *2 10 000 electrons (Typ.)	Less than 0.4 %		
Linearity error EMVA 128	8 standard (Typ.)	0.5 %		
Sensor mode		Area readout / Lightshe	et readout	
Cooling method (Peltier o	cooling)	Sensor temperature	Dark current (Typ.)	
Forced-air cooled (Ambie	<u> </u>	+20 °C	0.6 electrons/pixel/s	
Readout speed *3		CoaXPress	USB 3.1	
Full resolution		115 frames/s	15.7 frames/s	
Vertical 4 line		19 500 frames/s	3690 frames/s	
Area readout				
Readout mode		Full resolution / Digital I	binning (2×2, 4×4) / Sub-array *4	
Lightsheet readout				
Readout mode		Sub-array *4		
Line interval (1H) change	aahla			
Readout time	ane	7.309 µs to 233.9 µs 8.695 ms to 276.9 ms		
Readout time		Forward readout / Backward readout / Bidirectional readout /		
Readout direction		Reverse bidirectional readout		
Digital output		16 bit / 8 bit		
Exposure time		7.309 µs to 10 s (7.309 µs	s step)	
Interface		CoaXPress (Quad CXP-6	5) / USB 3.1 Gen 1	
Lens mount		C-mount		
	Pulse mode	Internal synchronization / Start trigger / Burst		
Master pulse	Pulse interval	5 μs to 10 s (1 μs step)		
	Burst count	1 to 65 535		
Image processing function	on	Dark offset correction (always ON), Pixel gain correction (always ON) Defect pixel correction (ON or OFF, hot pixel correction 3 steps)		
Power supply		AC 100 V to AC 240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz, 2.5 A		
Power consumption		100 VA		
Ambient operating temp	erature	0 °C to +40 °C		
Ambient operating humi	dity	30 % to 80 % or less (With no condensation)		
Ambient storage temper	ature	-10 °C to +50 °C		
Ambient storage humidit	:у	90 % or less (With no co	ndensation)	
Trigger input				
3901 1111040		Edge trigger / Clobal reso	et edge trigger / Level trigger /	
External trigger function	Area readout mode	Global reset level trigger	/ Sync readout trigger / Start trigger	
External trigger furiction	Lightsheet readout mode	Edge trigger / Start trigger		
	Area readout mode		set edge trigger / Start trigger	
Software trigger function	Lightsheet readout mode	Edge trigger / Start trig		
External trigger signal		External input (SMA)		
External trigger signal  External trigger level		TTL/3.3 V LVCMOS level		
External trigger level  External trigger delay function		0 µs to 10 s (1 µs step)		
		σ μο το το σ (τ μο στορ)		
Trigger output  External output signal		Global exposure timing output / Any-row exposure timing output /		
		Trigger ready output / Programmable timing output / High output / Low output		
External output level		3.3 V LVCMOS level		

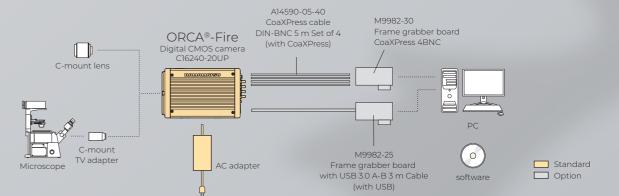
- \*1 Calculated from the ratio of the full well capacity and the redout noise
  \*2 The center 1500 × 1500 area of the image sensor, 1000 times integration
  \*3 Using frame bundle function by DCAM-API
  \*4 Sub-array readout mode can be set in the following steps when used with DCAM-API

	Horizontal size	Vertical size	Horizontal position	Vertical position
Area readout mode	4 pixel step	4 line step	4 pixel step	4 line step
Lightsheet readout mode	1 pixel step	4 line step	1 pixel step	4 line step

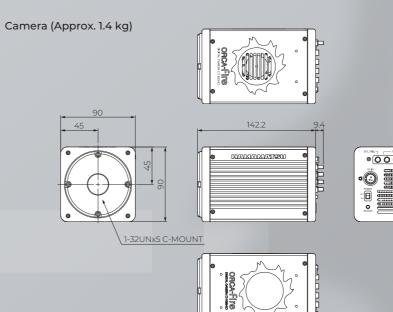


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# System configurations



# Dimensional outlines (Unit: mm)





# Options

External trigger cable SMA-BNC 5 m	A12106-05	
External trigger cable SMA-SMA 5 m	A12107-05	
Frame grabber board CoaXPress 4BNC	M9982-30	
CoaXPress cable DIN-BNC 5 m Set of 4	A14590-05-40	
CoaXPress cable DIN-BNC 10 m Set of 4	A14590-10-40	
Frame grabber board with USB 3.0 A-B 3 m C	able M9982-25	
USB 3.0 cable A-B 3 m	A12467-03	



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  The university, institute, or company name of the researchers, whose measurement data is published in this brochure, is subject to change.
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#### HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS K.K. www.hamamatsu.com

812 Joko-cho, Higashi-ku, Hamamatsu City, 431-3196, Japan, Telephone: (81)53-431-0124, Fax: (81)53-433-8031, E-mail: export@sys.hpk.co.jp

S12 JOKO-CIO, HIGASRII-KU, HAMTAITIALSU CITY, 431-3196, Japan, 1elephone: (81)53-4-31-0124, FaX: (61)53-4-33-8-0-31, E-mail: export(@sys.npk.co.jp U.S.A.: HAMAMATSU CORPORATION: 360 Foothill Road, Bridgewater, NJ 08807, U.S.A.; Telephone: (1)908-231-0960, Fax: (1)908-231-1218

Germany: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH.: Arzbergerstr. 10, 82211 Herrsching am Ammersee, Germany, Telephone: (49)8152-375-0, Fax: (49)8152-265-8 E-mail: info@hamamatsu.de

France: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS FRANCE S.A.R.L.: 19 Rue du Saule Trapu, Parc du Moulin de Massy, 91882 Massy Cedex, France, Telephone: (33) 16 95 37 10. Fax: (33)1 69 53 71 10. E-mail: info@hamamatsu.fulted Kingdom: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS UK LIMITED: 2 Howard Court, 10 Tewin Road, Welley Garden City, Herffordshire, ALT 18W, UK, Telephone: (44)8-57 8, Fax: (44)707-294888, Fax: (44)707-325777 E-mail: info@hamamatsu.co.uk

North Europe: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS NORDEN AB: Torshamnsgatan 35 16440 Kista. Sweden, Telephone: (49)8-509 031 00. Fax: (46)8-509 031 01 E-mail: info@hamamatsu.se

tally: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS (CHINA) CO., LTD.: 1201 Tower B, Jainning Center, 27 Dongsanhuan Bellu, Chaoyang District, 100020 Beijing, P.R. China; Telephone: (86)10-6586-6006, Fax: (86)3-659-0081 E-mail: info@hamamatsu.com.to

Talwan: HAMAMATSU PHOTONICS TAlWAN CO., LTD.: 13F-1, No.101, Section 2, Gongdao 5th Road, East Dist., Hsinchu City, 300046, Talwan(R.O.C.), Telephone: (886)3-659-0081 E-mail: info@hamamatsu.com.to