

## Laser Source for Advanced Nonlinear Microscopy



High pulse energy for deep imaging

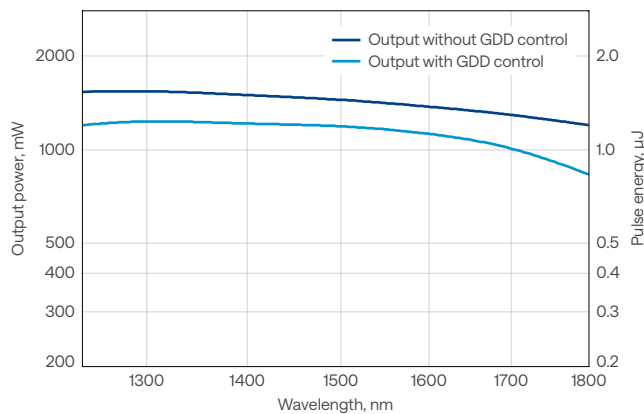
1250 – 1800 nm tuning range for 3P imaging

Down to 50 fs pulse duration for high peak power

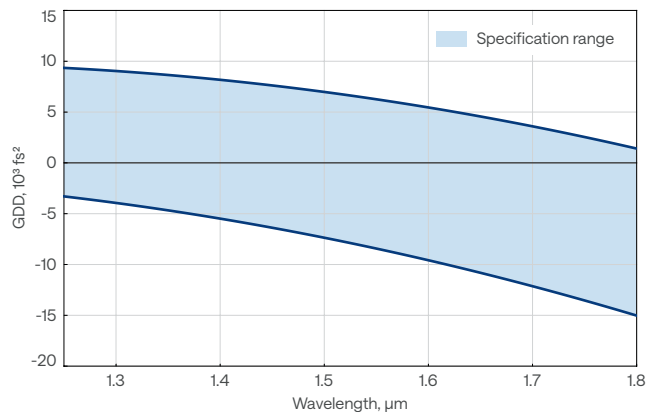
Automated wavelength and GDD control for optimal signal

Market-leading pulse-to-pulse energy stability

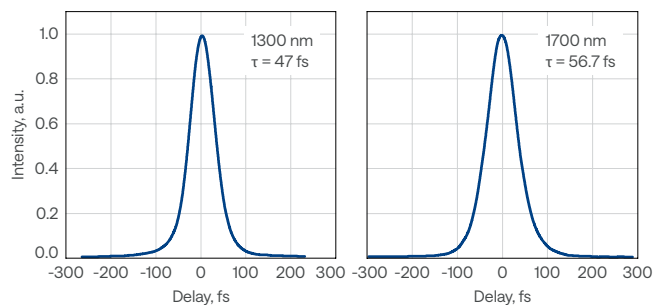
CRONUS-3P output power and pulse energy vs wavelength, at 1 MHz



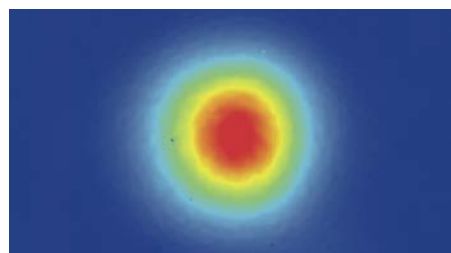
CRONUS-3P GDD control range



CRONUS-3P typical pulse duration at 1300 nm and 1700 nm



CRONUS-3P beam profile at 1300 nm



Specifications

| Model                                                | CRONUS-3P                             |                                      | CRONUS-3P with power control          |                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Tuning range                                         | 1250 – 1800 nm                        |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Repetition rate <sup>1)</sup>                        | Single-shot – 1 MHz or 2 MHz          |                                      |                                       |                                      |
|                                                      | 1300 nm                               | 1700 nm                              | 1300 nm                               | 1700 nm                              |
| Pulse duration                                       | < 50 fs                               | < 65 fs                              | < 50 fs                               | < 65 fs                              |
| Output power                                         | > 1100 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 800 mW @ 2 MHz | > 800 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 500 mW @ 2 MHz | > 1000 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 700 mW @ 2 MHz | > 700 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 400 mW @ 2 MHz |
| GDD control range <sup>2)</sup>                      | –4 000 to +9 000 fs <sup>2</sup>      | –12 000 to +3 500 fs <sup>2</sup>    | –4 000 to +9 000 fs <sup>2</sup>      | –12 000 to +3 500 fs <sup>2</sup>    |
| Beam diameter <sup>3)</sup>                          | 2 – 4 mm                              |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Beam quality, M <sup>2</sup>                         | < 1.2                                 |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Beam ellipticity                                     | > 0.8                                 |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Beam divergence                                      | < 1 mrad                              |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Beam pointing stability                              | < 100 µrad                            |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Long-term power stability, 24 h <sup>4)</sup>        | < 1%                                  |                                      |                                       |                                      |
| Pulse-to-pulse energy stability, 1 min <sup>4)</sup> | < 1%                                  |                                      |                                       |                                      |

MAIN OUTPUT WITHOUT GDD CONTROL

|                            |                                        |                                       |     |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Output power <sup>5)</sup> | > 1500 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 1000 mW @ 2 MHz | > 1050 mW @ 1 MHz<br>> 700 mW @ 2 MHz | n/a |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|

ADDITIONAL OUTPUTS

|                                        |                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Auxiliary 1030 nm amplifier output     | 1030 ± 10 nm, up to 40 W, up to 2 MHz, < 250 fs                                                                      |
| Optional 680 – 920 nm amplifier output | 680 – 920 nm, > 1500 mW @ 1 MHz or > 1000 mW @ 2 MHz (@ 920 nm),<br>< 290 fs (compressible to < 50 fs) <sup>6)</sup> |
| Optional 1030 nm oscillator output     | 1030 ± 10 nm, up to 500 mW, ≈ 65 MHz, ≈ 200 fs                                                                       |

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS & DIMENSIONS

Refer to [www.lightcon.com](http://www.lightcon.com)

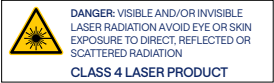
- <sup>1)</sup> Lower repetition rate with a higher pulse energy option available.

<sup>2)</sup> Continuous dispersion control; –4000 fs<sup>2</sup> compensates a microscope with +4000 fs<sup>2</sup>.

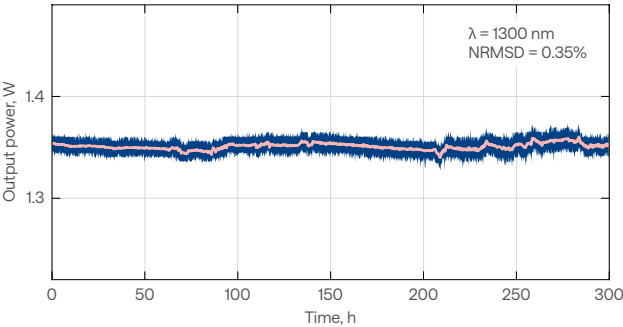
<sup>3)</sup> 1/e<sup>2</sup>, measured at compressor output.

<sup>4)</sup> Expressed as normalized root mean squared deviation (NRMSD).
- <sup>5)</sup> Available only for v1. Contact [sales@lightcon.com](mailto:sales@lightcon.com) for more details.

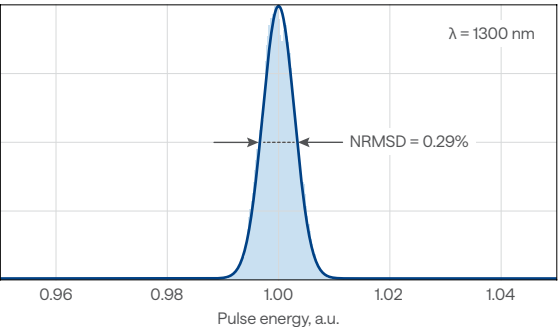
<sup>6)</sup> With external compressor without GDD control, < 70% transmission at 920 nm.



CRONUS-3P typical long-term power stability at 1300 nm



CRONUS-3P typical pulse-to-pulse energy distribution at 1300 nm



Drawings

CRONUS-3P drawing

